

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/044,685	01/11/2002	Peter Ar-Fu Lam	B7HTAG 9707		
7:	590 02/15/2006		EXAMINER		
Peter Ar-Fu Lam			FIDEI, DAVID		
20104 Wayne A Torrance, CA			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			3728		
			DATE MAILED: 02/15/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				7			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/044,685	LAM, PETER AR-FU				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		David T. Fidei	3728				
	- The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period fo	• •						
WHIC - Exten after \$ - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period e to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statications are supply received by the Office later than three months after the mad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24	January 2006.					
		nis action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow		secution as to the merits	is			
•	closed in accordance with the practice unde	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Dispositio	on of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>6,8-21 and 28</u> is/are pending in the	application.					
4	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6,8,10-21 and 28</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠	)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9</u> is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requirement.	•				
Application	on Papers						
9) 🔲 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
10)[	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t	ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∍ 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr			(d).			
11) 🔲 🗆	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei ☐ All  b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).				
• -	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr						
	application from the International Bure	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment	(s)						
	of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	Paper No(s)/Mail Da (8) 5) Notice of Informal P	ate ratent Application (PTO-152)				
	No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

Art Unit: 3728

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 6, 14, 17-21 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rahmey (Patent no. 6,209,763). A package is disclosed in figures 4 and 5 where a garment hanger 40 is provided with a display tag 60 and at least two separate fasteners 76, 68 for securing the display tag behind the garment hanger and for providing substantial front view of the hanger in figure 5. The same can be said of hanger 20 also.

As to claims 14 and 17, the fastener comprises a flat that attaches at least two points of the garment hanger to the tag in as much as is claimed.

As to claims 18-21, a folded flap is defined at 70 that has opening 72. As to claim 20, dictionary.com defines a slit as "a long, straight, narrow cut or opening" which is sufficiently anticipated by the disclosure of Rahmey.

As to claim 28, two holes are positioned behind tabs 80 in figure 4 of Rahmey.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 12 and 14-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is not clear how fasteners attach two points of the garment

Art Unit: 3728

hanger through the use of tape or a flap folded from the display tag. It should also be pointed out where (line and page) the specification provides this disclosure in response to this deficiency.

As to claim 12, it is unclear what such means are. In claim 13 it is unclear how a flap attaches two points

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rahmey (Patent no. 6,209,763). As to claim 8, Official Notice is taken that the type of hangers claimed are known to those skilled in this art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to a movable arm type of hanger in the package of Rahmey for the reason that the particular type of hanger employed is of no criticality and one skilled in the art would have found obvious to use any conventional type of hanger. The attachment of Rahmey figure 5 manifestly does not interfere with positing of the hanger arms.
- 7. Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Markman (Patent no. 5,962,834). A garment hanger 10 is provided for inventory tracking and management of dry cleaning were a tag 10 is provided with a display area 12 extending along the extension arms of the hanger. The difference between the claimed subject matter and Markman resides in a first garment hanger positioned above the hanger shown in Markmen. Since, the device is used in an inventory system it is submitted it is well know in the dry cleaning business to arrange hangers in front of one another. To provide such an arrangement in Markman would have been

Art Unit: 3728

within the level of ordinary skill and obvious for the reason of arranging multiple garments. As to claim 12, opening 16 is consider a fastening means to the extent claimed and disclosed. <sup>1</sup>

8. Claim 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claim14 above, and further in view of Johansson (Patent no. 4,137,661). Col. 1, lines 49-52 teaches the use of tape to attach a label. To employ tape as a fastener would have been a notoriously well known means for securing the hangers.

Employing transparent or colored tape would have been an obvious matter of design choice.

# Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claim 9 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

## Conclusion

This action is NON-FINAL.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In determining anticipation as established above, the examiner finds that the prior art element performs the function specified in the claim, and is not excluded by any definition provided in the specification for an equivalent. Therefore, it is inferred from that finding that the prior art element is an equivalent, and the claimed limitation is anticipated by the prior art element. As such, the burden shifts to applicant to show that any aforementioned equivalent element shown in the prior art is not an equivalent of the structure, material or acts disclosed in the application. In re Mulder, 716 F2.d 1542, 219 USPQ 189 (Fed. Cir. 1983).

If the applicant disagrees with the inference of equivalence drawn from a prior art reference, the applicant may provide reasons why the applicant believes the prior art element should not be considered an equivalent to the specific structure, material or acts disclosed in the specification. Such reasons may include, but are not limited to: 1) teachings in the specification that particular prior art is not equivalent, 2) teachings in the prior art reference itself that may tend to show non-equivalence, or 3) Rule 132 affidavit evidence of <u>facts</u> tending to show non-equivalence.

Moreover, if an applicant argues that the "means" or "step" plus function language in a claim is limited to certain specific structural or additional functional characteristics (as opposed to "equivalents" thereof) where the specification does not describe the invention as being only those specific characteristics, the claim should be not allowed until the claim is amended to recite those specific structural or additional functional characteristics (emphasis added). See 1162 OG 61, May 17, 1994.

Art Unit: 3728

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner concerning the merits of the claims should be directed to David T. Fidei whose telephone number is (571) 272-4553. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David T. Fidei Primary Examiner Art Unit 3728

dtf February 9, 2006